

### Product datasheet

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# ARG65664 anti-HBV surface antigen / HBsAg antibody [SQab1505]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [SQab1505] recognizes Hepatitis B surface antigen / HBs Ag

Tested Reactivity HBV

Tested Application ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC-P

Specificity This antibody could recognize clinical samples including HBsAg in serum, plasma, and tissue specimens.

Do not react with normal tissues.

Host Mouse

Clone SQab1505

Isotype IgG2a

Target Name HBV surface antigen / HBsAg

Species HBV

Immunogen Recombinant HbsAg protein (Subtype AD/AY)

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names large S protein; pre-S1/pre-S2/S; L glycoprotein; L-HBsAG; LHB; large surface protein; major surface

antigen

#### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	1:5000-1:10000
	ICC/IF	1:250-1:1000
	IHC-P	1:200-1:350
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4) and 0.01% Thimerosal.	
Preservative	0.01% Thimerosal	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed	

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 944569 HBV</u>

Gene Symbol S

Gene Full Name L-HBsAG

Background Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is a hepadnavirus which has a circular genome composed of partially double-

stranded DNA. The HBV surface protein antigens (HBsAg) are comprised of large (LHBs), middle (MHBs) and small (SHBs, also called major) protein. LHBs contains preS1, prS2, and small protein. MHBs does not include preS1 protein and SHBs dose not include preS1 and preS2 proteins. HbsAg and its antibodies have been developed as biomarkers to monitor infection stage. Expression of preS1 and

preS2 in tissue or serum are also important to reveal the mechanism of HBV infection.

Function The large envelope protein exists in two topological conformations, one which is termed 'external' or Le-

HBsAg and the other 'internal' or Li-HBsAg. In its external conformation the protein attaches the virus to cell receptors and thereby initiating infection. This interaction determines the species specificity and liver tropism. This attachment induces virion internalization predominantly through caveolin-mediated endocytosis. The large envelope protein also assumes fusion between virion membrane and endosomal membrane (Probable). In its internal conformation the protein plays a role in virion morphogenesis and

mediates the contact with the nucleocapsid like a matrix protein.

The middle envelope protein plays an important role in the budding of the virion. It is involved in the induction of budding in a nucleocapsid independent way. In this process the majority of envelope proteins bud to form subviral lipoprotein particles of 22 nm of diameter that do not contain a

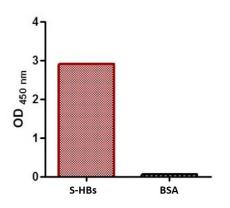
nucleocapsid. [UniProt]

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HBsAg antibodies;

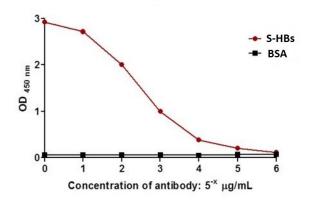
Research Area Cancer antibody; Microbiology and Infectious Disease antibody

#### **Images**



ARG65664 anti-HBV surface antigen / HBsAg antibody [SQab1505] ELISA image

Direct ELISA: Direct ELISA data shows that ARG65664 anti-HBV surface antigen / HBsAg antibody [SQab1505] reacts with S-HBs but not BSA.



## ARG65664 anti-HBV surface antigen / HBsAg antibody [SQab1505] ELISA image

Direct ELISA: S-HBs or BSA coated plates stained with ARG65664 anti-HBV surface antigen / HBsAg antibody [SQab1505] at various dilutions. Data shows that ARG65664 reacts with S-HBs but not BSA.