

Product datasheet

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ARG65833 anti-HLA ABC antibody [W6/32]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [W6/32] recognizes HLA ABC

Tested Reactivity Hu, Bb, R. Mk

Tested Application CyTOF®-candidate, FACS, IHC-Fr, IP

Specificity The monoclonal antibody reacts with the human major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I, HLA-

A, B, C. MHC class I antigens associated with beta 2-microglobulin are expressed by all human nucleated cells and are central in cell-mediated immune response and tumor surveillance. The monoclonal antibody recognizes a non-polymorphic epitope shared among products of the HLA-A, B, and C loci and

immunoprecipitates both 43 kDa and 11-12 kDa chains.

Crossreactivity is also seen in baboon, rhesus and cynomolgus monkey.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone W6/32 Isotype IgG2a

Target Name HLA ABC

Species Human

 Immunogen
 Human HLA ABC

 Conjugation
 Un-conjugated

Alternate Names MHC class I antigen A*1; HLAA; HLA class I histocompatibility antigen, A-1 alpha chain

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|---|
| | CyTOF®-candidate | Assay-dependent |
| | FACS | 10 μ l/10^6 cells or 100 μ l whole blood. |
| | IHC-Fr | Assay-dependent |
| | IP | Assay-dependent |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

| Form | Liquid |
|------|--------|
|------|--------|

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.2) and 0.09% Sodium azide.

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 3105 Human

Swiss-port # P30443 Human

Gene Symbol HLA-A

Gene Full Name major histocompatibility complex, class I, A

Background HLA-A belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a heterodimer

consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. They are expressed in nearly all cells. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon 1 encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domains, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region, and exons 6 and 7 encode the cytoplasmic tail. Polymorphisms within exon 2 and exon 3 are responsible for the peptide binding specificity of each class one molecule. Typing for these polymorphisms is routinely done for bone marrow and kidney transplantation. Hundreds of HLA-A alleles have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Involved in the presentation of foreign antigens to the immune system. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

HLA ABC antibodies; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

CyTOF-candidate Antibodies

Calculated Mw 41 kDa and 11-12 kDa chains

PTM Polyubiquitinated in a post ER compartment by interaction with human herpesvirus 8 MIR1 protein.

This targets the protein for rapid degradation via the ubiquitin system (By similarity).