

Product datasheet

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ARG66749 anti-S100 antibody [SQab20182]

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal antibody [SQab20182] recognizes S100

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone SQab20182

IsotypeIgGTarget Name\$100SpeciesHuman

Immunogen Synthetic peptide within aa. 50-150 of Human S100.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names S-100 protein beta chain; NEF; S100; Protein S100-B; S100 calcium-binding protein B; S100beta; S-100

protein subunit beta; S100-B

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:200
Application Note	IHC-P: Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Tris/EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS, 0.01% Sodium azide, 40% Glycerol and 0.05% BSA.

Preservative 0.01% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 40% Glycerol and 0.05% BSA

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

Gene Full Name S100 calcium binding protein B

S100B

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the S100 family of proteins containing 2 EF-hand

calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are localized in the cytoplasm and/or nucleus of a wide range of cells, and involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. S100 genes include at least 13 members which are located as a cluster on chromosome 1q21; however, this gene is located at 21q22.3. This protein may function in Neurite extension, proliferation of melanoma cells, stimulation of Ca2+ fluxes, inhibition of PKC-mediated phosphorylation, astrocytosis and axonal proliferation, and inhibition of microtubule assembly. Chromosomal rearrangements and altered expression of this gene have been implicated in several neurological, neoplastic, and other types of diseases, including Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, epilepsy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, melanoma, and type I diabetes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Weakly binds calcium but binds zinc very tightly-distinct binding sites with different affinities exist for

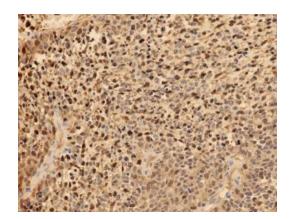
both ions on each monomer. Physiological concentrations of potassium ion antagonize the binding of both divalent cations, especially affecting high-affinity calcium-binding sites. Binds to and initiates the activation of STK38 by releasing autoinhibitory intramolecular interactions within the kinase. Interaction with AGER after myocardial infarction may play a role in myocyte apoptosis by activating ERK1/2 and p53/TP53 signaling. Could assist ATAD3A cytoplasmic processing, preventing aggregation and favoring mitochondrial localization. May mediate calcium-dependent regulation on many physiological processes by interacting with other proteins, such as TPR-containing proteins, and

modulating their activity. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 11 kDa

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm. Nucleus. [UniProt]

Images



ARG66749 anti-S100 antibody [SQab20182] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin/PFA-fixed and paraffin-embedded Human melanoma tissue. Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Tris/EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). The tissue section was stained with ARG66749 anti-S100 antibody [SQab20182] at 18°C - 25°C for 30 minutes.