

Product datasheet

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ARG66889 anti-FGF23 antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes FGF23

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ICC/IF, WB
Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name FGF23

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide within aa. 151-200 of Human FGF23.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names ADHR; Phosphatonin; HPDR2; FGFN; Tumor-derived hypophosphatemia-inducing factor; PHPTC;

FGF-23; Fibroblast growth factor 23; HYPF

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| | ICC/IF | 1:200 - 1:1000 |
| | WB | 1:500 - 1:2000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | Jurkat | |
| Observed Size | ~ 28 kDa | |
| | | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS, 0.02% Sodium azide, 50% Glycerol and 0.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol and 0.5% BSA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol FGF23

Gene Full Name fibroblast growth factor 23

Background This gene encodes a member of the fibroblast growth factor family of proteins, which possess broad

mitogenic and cell survival activities and are involved in a variety of biological processes. The product of this gene regulates phosphate homeostasis and transport in the kidney. The full-length, functional protein may be deactivated via cleavage into N-terminal and C-terminal chains. Mutation of this cleavage site causes autosomal dominant hypophosphatemic rickets (ADHR). Mutations in this gene are also associated with hyperphosphatemic familial tumoral calcinosis (HFTC). [provided by RefSeq, Feb

2013]

Function Regulator of phosphate homeostasis. Inhibits renal tubular phosphate transport by reducing SLC34A1

levels. Upregulates EGR1 expression in the presence of KL (By similarity). Acts directly on the parathyroid to decrease PTH secretion (By similarity). Regulator of vitamin-D metabolism. Negatively

regulates osteoblast differentiation and matrix mineralization. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 28 kDa

PTM Following secretion this protein is inactivated by cleavage into a N-terminal fragment and a C-terminal

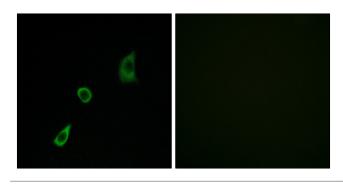
fragment. The processing is effected by proprotein convertases.

O-glycosylated by GALT3. Glycosylation is necessary for secretion; it blocks processing by proprotein convertases when the O-glycan is alpha 2,6-sialylated. Competition between proprotein convertase cleavage and block of cleavage by O-glycosylation determines the level of secreted active FGF23.

[UniProt]

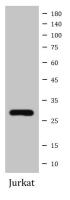
Cellular Localization Secreted. Note=Secretion is dependent on O-glycosylation. [UniProt]

Images



ARG66889 anti-FGF23 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: HUVEC cells stained with ARG66889 anti-FGF23 antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthetic peptide.



ARG66889 anti-FGF23 antibody WB image

Western blot: Jurkat cell lysate stained with ARG66889 anti-FGF23 antibody at 1:1000 dilution, overnight at $4\,^{\circ}\text{C}.$