

Product datasheet

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ARG66929 anti-IDH1 antibody (R132H) [SQab22257]

Package: 100 μl, 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal antibody [SQab22257] recognizes IDH1 (R132H)

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone SQab22257

Isotype IgG

Target Name IDH1

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide around the region of Human IDH1 R132H.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IDPC; EC 1.1.1.42; Cytosolic NADP-isocitrate dehydrogenase; IDP; HEL-S-26; HEL-216; Isocitrate

dehydrogenase [NADP] cytoplasmic; IDH; PICD; IDCD; NADP; Oxalosuccinate decarboxylase

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:200
Application Note	IHC-P: Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediated was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). Incubate the samples at RT (18-25°C) for 30 min. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human glioma (IDH1 R132H) tissue	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS, 0.01% Sodium azide, 40% Glycerol and 0.05%BSA.

Preservative 0.01% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 40% Glycerol and 0.05%BSA

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Background

Gene Symbol IDH1

Gene Full Name isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 (NADP+), soluble

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the cytoplasm and peroxisomes. It contains the

PTS-1 peroxisomal targeting signal sequence. The presence of this enzyme in peroxisomes suggests roles in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the alpha-hydroxylation of phytanic acid. The cytoplasmic enzyme serves a significant role in cytoplasmic NADPH production. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]

Highlight Related products:

Isocitrate Dehydrogenase antibodies; Isocitrate Dehydrogenase ELISA Kits; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary

antibodies; Related news:

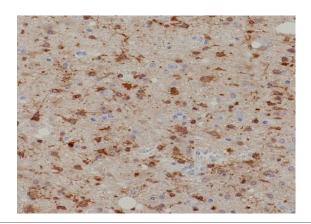
TCA intermediate fumarate promotes mitobiogenesis

Research Area Cancer antibody; Metabolism antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 47 kDa

PTM Acetylation at Lys-374 dramatically reduces catalytic activity.

Images



ARG66929 anti-IDH1 antibody (R132H) [SQab22257] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin/PFA-fixed and paraffin-embedded sections of Human glioma (IDH1 R132H) tissue stained with ARG66929 anti-IDH1 antibody (R132H) [SQab22257]. Antigen Retrieval: Heat tissue section in Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).