

Product datasheet

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ARG66953 anti-SRF phospho (Ser77) antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes SRF phospho (Ser77)

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name SRF

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to Human SRF around the phosphorylation site of Ser77.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names SRF; MCM1; Serum response factor

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:300
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	~ 65-70 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS, 0.02% Sodium azide, 50% Glycerol and 0.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol and 0.5% BSA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol SRF

Gene Full Name serum response factor

Background This gene encodes a ubiquitous nuclear protein that stimulates both cell proliferation and

differentiation. It is a member of the MADS (MCM1, Agamous, Deficiens, and SRF) box superfamily of transcription factors. This protein binds to the serum response element (SRE) in the promoter region of target genes. This protein regulates the activity of many immediate-early genes, for example c-fos, and thereby participates in cell cycle regulation, apoptosis, cell growth, and cell differentiation. This gene is the downstream target of many pathways; for example, the mitogen-activated protein kinase pathway

(MAPK) that acts through the ternary complex factors (TCFs). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function SRF is a transcription factor that binds to the serum response element (SRE), a short sequence of dyad

symmetry located 300 bp to the 5' of the site of transcription initiation of some genes (such as FOS).

Together with MRTFA transcription coactivator, controls expression of genes regulating the

cytoskeleton during development, morphogenesis and cell migration. The SRF-MRTFA complex activity responds to Rho GTPase-induced changes in cellular globular actin (G-actin) concentration, thereby coupling cytoskeletal gene expression to cytoskeletal dynamics. Required for cardiac differentiation and

maturation. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Controls and Markers antibody; Developmental Biology

antibody; Gene Regulation antibody

Calculated Mw 52 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated by PRKDC.

Cellular Localization Nucleus