

Product datasheet

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ARG67049 anti-Histamine Receptor H1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Histamine Receptor H1

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ICC/IF, WB

Specificity Variants (NP_000852.1; NP_001091681.1; NP_001091682.1; NP_001091683.1) encode the same

protein.

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name Histamine Receptor H1

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 150-188 of Human HRH1.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names HRH1, Histamine Receptor H1, Histamine H1 Receptor, HH1R, H1R, Histamine Receptor, Subclass H1,

HisH1, H1-R

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | ICC/IF | 1:200 - 1:1000 |
| | WB | 1:1000 - 1:2000 |
| Positive Control | WB: COLO205 ICC/IF: LoVo cell | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification affinity chromatography

Buffer PBS, 0.02% Sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.5% BSA, 50% Glycerol

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol HRH1

Gene Full Name Histamine Receptor H1

Background Histamine is a ubiquitous messenger molecule released from mast cells, enterochromaffin-like cells,

and neurons. Its various actions are mediated by histamine receptors H1, H2, H3 and H4. This gene was thought to be intronless until recently. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and belongs to the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. It mediates the contraction of smooth muscles, the increase in capillary permeability due to contraction of terminal venules, the release of catecholamine from adrenal medulla, and neurotransmission in the central nervous system. Multiple alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function In peripheral tissues, the H1 subclass of histamine receptors mediates the contraction of smooth

muscles, increase in capillary permeability due to contraction of terminal venules, and catecholamine release from adrenal medulla, as well as mediating neurotransmission in the central nervous system.

[Uniprot]

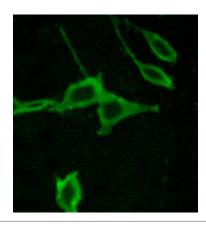
Calculated Mw 56 kDa

PTM Phosphorylation at sites in the second and third cytoplasmic loops independently contribute to agonist-

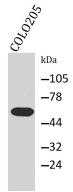
induced receptor down-regulation. [Uniprot]

Cellular Localization Cell membrane, Membrane

Images



ARG67049 anti-Histamine Receptor H1 antibody ICC/IF image



ARG67049 anti-Histamine Receptor H1 antibody WB image

Western blot: COLO205 stained with ARG67049 anti-Histamine Receptor H1 antibody at 1:2000 dilution.