

ARG67187 anti-CHEK2 phospho (Ser516) antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes CHEK2 phospho (Ser516)
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	CHEK2
Species	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide of Human phospho CHEK2 (Ser516)
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	CDS1; CHK2; HuCds1; PP1425; RAD53; Serine/Threonine-Protein Kinase Chk2; CHK2 Checkpoint Homolog; Cds1 Homolog; BA444G7; HCds1; CHK2 (Checkpoint, S.Pombe) Homolog; CHK2 Checkpoint Homolog (S. Pombe); Checkpoint-Like Protein CHK2; EC 2.7.11.1; EC 2.7.11; Hucds1; TPDS4; LFS2

Application Instructions

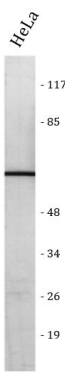
Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500-1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	PBS, 0.02% Sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	0.5% BSA, 50% Glycerol
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Gene Symbol	CHEK2
Gene Full Name	Checkpoint Kinase 2
Background	In response to DNA damage and replication blocks, cell cycle progression is halted through the control of critical cell cycle regulators. The protein encoded by this gene is a cell cycle checkpoint regulator and putative tumor suppressor. It contains a forkhead-associated protein interaction domain essential for activation in response to DNA damage and is rapidly phosphorylated in response to replication blocks and DNA damage. When activated, the encoded protein is known to inhibit CDC25C phosphatase, preventing entry into mitosis, and has been shown to stabilize the tumor suppressor protein p53, leading to cell cycle arrest in G1. In addition, this protein interacts with and phosphorylates BRCA1, allowing BRCA1 to restore survival after DNA damage. Mutations in this gene have been linked with Li-Fraumeni syndrome, a highly penetrant familial cancer phenotype usually associated with inherited mutations in TP53. Also, mutations in this gene are thought to confer a predisposition to sarcomas, breast cancer, and brain tumors. This nuclear protein is a member of the CDS1 subfamily of serine/threonine protein kinases. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012]
Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase which is required for checkpoint-mediated cell cycle arrest, activation of DNA repair and apoptosis in response to the presence of DNA double-strand breaks. May also negatively regulate cell cycle progression during unperturbed cell cycles. Following activation, phosphorylates numerous effectors preferentially at the consensus sequence [L-X-R-X-X-S/T]. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	61 kDa
Cellular Localization	Nucleus, PML body, nucleoplasm. [UniProt]

Images



ARG67187 anti-CHEK2 phospho (Ser516) antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa cells stained with ARG67187 anti-CHEK2 phospho (Ser516) antibody.