

## ARG82085 Mouse S100A9 ELISA Kit

Package: 96 wells Store at: 4°C

# Component

Cat. No.	Component Name	Package	Temp
ARG82085-001	Antibody-coated microplate	8 X 12 strips	4°C. Unused strips should be sealed tightly in the air-tight pouch.
ARG82085-002	Standard	2 X 10 ng/vial	4°C
ARG82085-003	Standard/Sample diluent	30 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
ARG82085-004	Antibody conjugate concentrate (100X)	1 vial (100 μl)	4°C
ARG82085-005	Antibody diluent buffer	12 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
ARG82085-006	HRP-Streptavidin concentrate (100X)	1 vial (100 μl)	4°C
ARG82085-007	HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer	12 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
ARG82085-008	25X Wash buffer	20 ml	4°C
ARG82085-009	TMB substrate	10 ml (Ready to use)	4°C (Protect from light)
ARG82085-010	STOP solution	10 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
ARG82085-011	Plate sealer	4 strips	Room temperature

#### Summary

Product Description	ARG82085 Mouse S100A9 ELISA Kit is an Enzyme Immunoassay kit for the quantification of Mouse S100A9 in serum, plasma (heparin, EDTA) and cell culture supernatants.
Tested Reactivity	Ms
Tested Application	ELISA
Specificity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.
Target Name	S100A9
Conjugation	HRP
Conjugation Note	Substrate: TMB and read at 450 nm.
Sensitivity	15.6 pg/ml
Sample Type	Serum, plasma (heparin, EDTA) and cell culture supernatants.
Standard Range	31.2 - 2000 pg/ml
Sample Volume	100 μΙ

Intra-Assay CV: 4.9%; Inter-Assay CV: 6.1%

Alternate NamesCalgranulin-B; MRP-14; MRP14; 60B8AG; CFAG; MAC387; Calprotectin L1H subunit; NIF; MIF; p14; LIAG;<br/>Protein S100-A9; CGLB; Migration inhibitory factor-related protein 14; L1AG; Leukocyte L1 complex<br/>heavy chain; P14; CAGB; S100 calcium-binding protein A9

# **Application Instructions**

Assay Time	~ 5 hours

# Properties

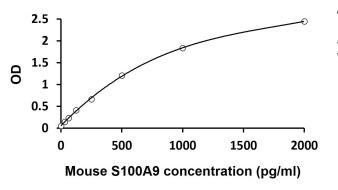
Form	96 well
Storage instruction	Store the kit at 2-8°C. Keep microplate wells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants. Do not expose test reagents to heat, sun or strong light during storage and usage. Please refer to the product user manual for detail temperatures of the components.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	\$100A9
Gene Full Name	S100 calcium binding protein A9
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the S100 family of proteins containing 2 EF-hand calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are localized in the cytoplasm and/or nucleus of a wide range of cells, and involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. S100 genes include at least 13 members which are located as a cluster on chromosome 1q21. This protein may function in the inhibition of casein kinase and altered expression of this protein is associated with the disease cystic fibrosis. This antimicrobial protein exhibits antifungal and antibacterial activity. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2014]
Function	S100A9 is a calcium- and zinc-binding protein which plays a prominent role in the regulation of inflammatory processes and immune response. It can induce neutrophil chemotaxis, adhesion, can increase the bactericidal activity of neutrophils by promoting phagocytosis via activation of SYK, PI3K/AKT, and ERK1/2 and can induce degranulation of neutrophils by a MAPK-dependent mechanism. Predominantly found as calprotectin (S100A8/A9) which has a wide plethora of intra- and extracellular functions. The intracellular functions include: facilitating leukocyte arachidonic acid trafficking and metabolism, modulation of the tubulin-dependent cytoskeleton during migration of phagocytes and activation of the neutrophilic NADPH-oxidase. Activates NADPH-oxidase by facilitating the enzyme complex assembly at the cell membrane, transferring arachidonic acid, an essential cofactor, to the enzyme complex and S100A8 contributes to the enzyme assembly by directly binding to NCF2/P67PHOX. The extracellular functions involve proinfammatory, antimicrobial, oxidant-scavenging and apoptosis-inducing activities. Its proinflammatory activity includes recruitment of leukocytes, promotion of cytokine and chemokine production, and regulation of leukocyte and stimulates innate immune cells via binding to pattern recognition receptors such as Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) and receptor for advanced glycation endproducts (AGER). Binding to TLR4 and AGER activates the MAP-kinase and NF-kappa-B signaling pathways resulting in the amplification of the proinflammatory cascade. Has antimicrobial activity towards bacteria and fungi and exerts its antimicrobial activity probably via chelation of Zn(2+) which is essential for microbial growth. Can induce cell death via autophagy and apoptosis and this occurs through the cross-talk of mitochondria and lysosomes via reactive oxygen species (ROS) and the process involves BNIP3. Can regulate neutrophil number and apoptosis by an anti-apoptotic effect; regulates cell survival via ITGAM/ITGB and TLR4 and a sig

Highlight	Related products: <u>S100A antibodies; S100A ELISA Kits;</u> Related news: <u>HMGB1, a biomarker and therapeutic target in COVID-19</u> New ELISA data calculation tool: <u>Simplify the ELISA analysis by GainData</u>
PTM	Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation inhibits activation of tubulin polymerization. S-nitrosylation of Cys-3 is implicated in LDL(ox)-induced S-nitrosylation of GAPDH at 'Cys-247' through a
	transnitrosylation of Cys-247 through a transnitrosylation of CAPDI at Cys-247 through a transnitrosylation of CAPDI at Cys-247 through a
Cellular Localization	Secreted. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Predominantly localized in the cytoplasm. Upon elevation of the intracellular calcium level, translocated from the cytoplasm to the cytoskeleton and the cell membrane. Upon neutrophil activation or endothelial adhesion of monocytes, is secreted via a microtubule-mediated, alternative pathway. [UniProt]

Images



#### ARG82085 Mouse S100A9 ELISA Kit standard curve image

ARG82085 Mouse S100A9 ELISA Kit results of a typical standard run with optical density reading at 450 nm.